

Causes of chest pain?	
cardiac	angina
	MI
	pericarditis
	aortic dissection
respiratory	pleurisy
	PE
	pneumothorax
GI	GORD
	oesophagitis
musculo-skeletal	strain/trauma

Arterial pulses	
plateau	AS
small volume	AS
	shock
bisferiens	AS, AR
anacrotic	AS
pulsus alternans	LVF
pulsus paradoxus	pericardial effusion
	constrictive pericarditis
	severe asthma

Causes of raised JVP?	Causes of AF?
RVF	IHD
pulmonary hypertension	hypertension
pulmonary stenosis	mitral stenosis
tricuspid stenosis	lone atrial fibrillation
SVC obstruction	cardiomyopathy
	hyperthyroidism

Causes of cor pulmonale?
COPD
idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis
massive PE
obstructive sleep apnoea
1° pulmonary hypertension

Causes of peripheral oedema?		
generalised (bilateral)	fluid overload	heart failure
		renal failure
		iatrogenic
	hypoproteinaemia	malnutrition
		malabsorption
		chronic liver disease
		nephrotic syndrome
	medication	calcium channel blocker
localised (unilateral)	obstruction	pelvic tumour
		DVT
	infection	cellulitis
	postural	standing too long
	ruptured Baker's cyst	

Causes of Rt heart failure?	Causes of Lt heart failure?
2° to Lt heart failure	IHD
MI	hypertension
PS, TS, TR	MI
1° pulmonary hypertension	AS, AR, MR
2° pulmonary hypertension (COPD)	

Causes of bradycardia?	Causes of tachycardia?
athletes	pain
B-blocker	fever
hypothyroidism	anxiety
heart block	thyrotoxicosis
hypothermia	B2-agonist
	hypovolaemia
	arrhythmia

Causes of raised D-Dimer?
DVT
MI
recent surgery
liver disease
renal disease
malignancy

Causes of pericarditis?	
infarction	MI
iatrogenic	cardiac surgery
inflammation	SLE
	rheumatoid disease
infection	coxsachie virus
	bacterial

<b>Causes of cyanosis?</b>		
<b>central</b>	respiratory	acute severe asthma
		COPD
		pulmonary oedema
		PE
	cardiac	L-R shunt
	blood	methaemoglobinaemia
		polycythaemia
<b>peripheral</b>	as above	
	vasoconstriction	cold
		raynaud's
		beta blocker
	poor circulation	heart failure
	blockage	arterial obstruction

<b>Aortic stenosis</b>	<b>Mitral regurgitation</b>	<b>Aortic regurgitation</b>	<b>Mitral stenosis</b>
harsh crescendo-decrescendo systolic	pansystolic	early diastolic	mid diastolic
loudest in aortic area	radiating to axilla	LSE with expiration	tapping apex beat
radiating to carotid	displaced, thrusting apex beat	displaced, thrusting apex beat	loud S1
sustained, heaving minimally displaced apex beat	soft S1	collapsing (Corrigan) pulse	
slow rising pulse		wide pulse pressure	
		pistol shot noise over femorals	

<b>Causes of Rt axis deviation?</b>		<b>Causes of Lt axis deviation?</b>	
Rt ventricular hypertrophy	cor pulmonale	Lt anterior fascicular block	LAD artery ischaemia/infarction
	pulmonary stenosis		cardiomypopathy
Lt posterior fascicular block	cardiomyopathy	Rt sided infarction	
	diffuse ischaemia/infarction	Lt ventricular hypertrophy	
Lt lateral infarction			

ECG changes		
hyperkalaemia	tall tented T waves	
	widened QRS	
	absent P waves	
	sine wave	
hypokalaemia	flattened T waves	
MI	<5min	hyperacute T waves
	<20min	ST elevation
	hrs	terminal QRS changes
	within days	pathological Q waves
	variable time	T wave inverts
PE	sinus tachycardia	
	RBBB	
	RV strain pattern	
ischaemia	ST depression	
	T wave inversion	
LVH	S (V1 or V2) + R (V5 or V6) $\geq$ 35mm	
	any chest lead $\geq$ 45mm	
RVH	R wave $\geq$ 7sq V1	
	R:S ratio V1 or V2 $\geq$ 1	
LVH strain pattern	V1-V2	ST elevation
		deep S waves
	V5-V6	T wave inversion
		ST depression
		tall R waves
RVH strain pattern	depressed concave ST	
	inverted assymetric T wave	

Causes of Rt bundle branch block?	Causes of Lt bundle branch block?
PE	hypertension
cor pulmonale	IHD
IHD	dilated cardiomyopathy
	rheumatic heart disease

Rt BBB ECG changes?	Lt BBB ECG changes?
duration > 3 sq	duration > 3 sq
slurred S wave lead I, V6	broad R waves lead I, V6
RSR lead V1	broad S waves V1

Infarct patterns	
inferior	lead II, III, aVF
septal	V1-V2
anterior	V3-V4
lateral	lead I, aVL, V5-V6
posterior	tall R waves V1-V2
	ST depression V1-V2

Causes of ST depression?
ischaemia
reciprocal changes in STEMI
LVH / RVH strain pattern
BBB
PE
digoxin

Causes of ST elevation?
MI
pericarditis
benign early repolarisation

<b>ECG</b>		
P wave	<2.5sq wide	
	tall (P pulmonale) >2.5 sq tall	Rt atrial enlargement
	bifid (P mitrale)	Lt atrial enlargement
QRS	<3 sq	
PR interval	3-5 sq	
	<3	WPW syndrome
	>5	1 <sup>st</sup> degree HB
QT interval	if HR 60bpm < 0.44sec	
QTc	used if HR not 60bpm	
	QT/ (square of RR)	
	short	hyperCa <sup>2+</sup>
	long	hypoCa <sup>2+</sup>
T wave	inverted	ischaemia
		MI
		SAH
		persistant juvenile pattern
		digoxin
		LVH strain pattern
		hypo K, Ca, Mg
Q waves	lead II, III, aVF, V5-V6	normal
	> 1 sq wide & 2mm deep	pathological

<b>Features of benign murmur?</b>
systolic
NAD on ECG, CXR, US
NAD on physical exam
position dependent
grade ≤ 3

<b>Causes of benign murmur?</b>
fever
anaemia
pregnancy
thyrotoxicosis

<b>Grading of murmur</b>
1. very faint
2. soft
3. heard all over praecordium
4. loud with palpable thrill
5. loud heard with stethoscope partially of chest
6. very loud, heard without stethoscope

Causes of cough?	
acute	URTI
	pneumonia
	foreign body
chronic	post nasal drip
	asthma
	GORD
	COPD
	smokers cough
	lung CA
	ACEi

Causes of haemoptysis?	
bronchitis	
pneumonia	
bronchiectasis	
lung CA	
PE	
spurious	
TB	

Causes of stridor?		
sudden	inhaled foreign object	
	anaphylaxis	
gradual	tumour	pharynx
		larynx
		trachea
	external compression of trachea	lymph nodes
		goitre

Features of lung diseases					
consolidation	-	↓ chest expansion	dull percussion	↑ VT +TVF	bronchial BS with coarse crackles
lobar collapse	trachea pulled towards	↓ chest expansion	↔ or dull	↓ VT +TVF	↓ BS
unilateral fibrosis	trachea pulled towards	↓ chest expansion	↔	↑ VT +TVF	fine crackles
interstitial fibrosis	-	↓ chest expansion	resonant	↑ VT +TVF	fine crackles
pleural effusion	trachea pushed away	↓ chest expansion	stony dull	↓ VT +TVF	↓ BS
pneumothorax	-	↓ chest expansion	hyper resonant	↓ VT +TVF	↓ BS
tension pneumothorax	trachea pushed away	↓ chest expansion	hyper resonant	↓ VT +TVF	absent

Causes of clubbing?	
respiratory	idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis
	bronchiectasis
	lung CA
	asbestosis
	lung abscess
	mesothelioma
cardiac	cyanotic congenital heart disease
	infective endocarditis
GI	IBD
	celiac disease
	cirrhosis

Causes of pneumothorax?	
traumatic	
iatrogenic	
spontaneous	emphysema
	asthma
	lung abscess
	subpleural bulla ??bleb

**Causes of respiratory failure?**

Type I	Type II	
pulmonary oedema	COPD	
pulmonary fibrosis	severe asthma	
pneumonia	respiratory centre depression	opioids
pneumothorax	respiratory muscle weakness	myasthenia gravis
PE		
COPD		

**Breathing patterns**

Cheyne-Stokes	LVF
	central respiratory depression
Kussmaul	diabetes
	uraemia

**Causes of bronchiectasis?**

idiopathic
infection
cystic fibrosis
bronchial CA

**Causes of hypoxia?**

hypoventilation
impaired diffusion
abnormal V/P ratio

**Causes of pleural effusion?**

transudate	LVF	
	hepatic failure	
	nephrotic syndrome	
exudate	bacterial pneumonia	
	malignancy	lung
		breast
		lymphoma
	PE	
	TB	
	SLE	

**Causes of wheeze?**

asthma
COPD
bronchiectasis
large airway obstruction

**Causes of breathlessness?**

cardiac	cardiac failure
respiratory	asthma
	bronchiectasis
	COPD
	pneumonia
	pneumothorax
	PE
	pulmonary fibrosis
other	anaemia
	overweight

**Light criteria**

1. pleural protein / serum protein >0.5
2. pleural LDH / serum LDH >0.6
3. pleural LDH > 2/3 normal upper serum limit

**Causes of dysphagia?**

<b>mechanical</b>	GORD induced oesophageal stricture	
	foreign body	
	oesophageal carcinoma	
	plummer-vinson syndrome	
	extrinsic compression	tumour in neck
		retrosternal goitre
<b>neurological</b>	stroke	
	MND	
	MS	
	PD	
	achalasia	

**Causes of haematemesis?**

<b>oesophagus</b>	oesophagitis
	Mallory-Weiss tear
	varices
	CA
<b>stomach</b>	gastric ulcer
	acute gastritis
	CA
<b>duodenum</b>	duodenal ulcer

**Causes of diarrhoea?**

<b>diet</b>	curry
<b>stress</b>	exams
	IBS
<b>infection</b>	
<b>inflammation</b>	IBD
<b>cancer</b>	colon CA
<b>endocrine</b>	hyperthyroidism
<b>medication</b>	antibiotics

**Causes of constipation?**

idiopathic
dietary
opioids
diverticular disease
colorectal cancer
hypothyroidism
hypercalcaemia

**Causes of epigastric mass?**

<b>stomach</b>	CA
	pyloric stenosis
<b>liver</b>	enlarged left lobe
<b>pancreas</b>	pancreas cyst
	CA head of pancreas
<b>gallbladder</b>	mucocoele

**Causes of Rt iliac fossa mass?**

<b>caecum</b>	CA
	crohns
<b>appendix</b>	abscess
<b>ovary</b>	cyst
	CA
<b>external iliac artery</b>	aneurysm
<b>psoas muscle</b>	abscess
<b>kidney transplant</b>	

**Causes of hypogastric mass?**

enlarged bladder
sigmoid CA
ovarian cyst
uterine fibroids

**Causes of Lt iliac fossa mass?**

<b>sigmoid</b>	diverticular abscess
	CA
<b>ovary</b>	cyst
	CA
<b>external iliac artery</b>	aneurysm
<b>psoas muscle</b>	abscess
<b>kidney transplant</b>	

Causes of splenomegaly?	
<b>mild</b>	portal hypertension 2 <sup>o</sup> to cirrhosis
	cirrhosis
	infectious hepatitis
	idiopathic thrombocytopenia
	rheumatoid arthritis
<b>moderate (4-8cm)</b>	portal hypertension 2 <sup>o</sup> to cirrhosis
	lymphoma
	leukaemia
<b>massive (&gt;8cm)</b>	malaria
	gaucher's disease
	black fever

Causes of hepatomegaly?	
<b>cardiac</b>	heart failure
	tricuspid regurgitation
<b>infective</b>	hepatitis
	brucellosis
	hydatid disease
<b>haematological</b>	lymphoma
	leukaemia
	myelofibrosis
	haemolytic anaemia
<b>infiltrative</b>	amyloidosis

Causes of paralytic ileus?
abdominal surgery
peritonitis
mesenteric ischaemia

Causes of hepatosplenomegaly?	
<b>infective</b>	hepatitis
	brucellosis
	toxoplasmosis
	CMV
<b>haematological</b>	myelofibrosis
	lymphoma
	portal hypertension 2 <sup>o</sup> to chronic liver disease
	sarcoidosis
	amyloidosis

Causes of small bowel obstruction?	
	adhesion
	tumour
	hernia
	volvulus
	intersusception

Causes of large bowel obstruction?	
	strictures
	sigmoid volvulus
	colon CA
	intersusception

Small and large bowel on Xray	
<b>small</b>	central
	valvulae conniventes
	cross entire lumen
	upto 3cm diameter
<b>large</b>	circumferential
	haustrae
	up to 6cm (caecum 9cm)

Causes of rectal bleeding?	
<b>small intestine</b>	Meckel's diverticulum
	enteritis
<b>colon</b>	IBD
	angiodysplasia
	CA
	diverticula disease
	polyp
<b>rectum</b>	CA
<b>anus</b>	haemorrhoids
	fissure

**Causes of acute abdomen?**
**Diffuse**

- intestinal obstruction
- DKA
- gastroenteritis
- mesenteric ischaemia

RUQ
cholecystitis
biliary colic
hepatitis

RUQ + LUQ
pancreatitis
perforated duodenal ulcer

LUQ
gastritis

LLQ
sigmoid diverticulitis
sigmoid volvulus

**Causes of ascites?**

<b>transudate</b>	heart failure
	chronic liver disease
	nephrotic syndrome
	hypoproteinaemia
<b>exudate</b>	intra-abdominal malignancy
	tuberculous peritonitis

**Causes of jaundice?**

<b>pre hepatic</b>	haemolytic anaemia
<b>hepatic</b>	hepatitis
	alcohol
	primary biliary cirrhosis
<b>post hepatic</b>	gall stones in CBD
	bile duct stricture
	sclerosing cholangitis
	CA head of pancreas
	chronic pancreatitis

**Causes of vomiting?**

<b>GI</b>	obstruction
	gastritis
<b>inflammatory</b>	cholecystitis
	pancreatitis
	hepatitis
<b>metabolic</b>	hypercalcaemia
	addison's
	uraemia
<b>neurogenic</b>	↑ ICP
	pain
	vestibulocochlear disease
<b>medication</b>	cytotoxics
	opioids
	antibiotics

Causes of tremors?	
postural (physiological)	anxiety
	Caffeine
	salbutamol
resting	parkinsons
intention	cerebellar disease e.g. MS, cerebrovascular disease
flapping	respiratory failure (type II)
	hepatic encephalitis

Signs of lesions	
UMN	LMN
↑ tone	↓ tone
↑ reflexes	↓ reflexes
clonus	fasiculations
extensor plantar	muscle wasting

Causes of papilloedema?	
malignant hypertension	
↑ ICP	
retinal venous obstruction	

Causes of sudden blindness?	
retinal detachment	
acute glaucoma	
vitreous haemorrhage	
retinal artery/vein thrombosis	
ocular migraine	

Nerve palsies		
III	eye is pointing down and out	diabetes
	dilated pupil	MS
	ptosis	posterior communicating artery aneurysm
IV	eye pointing up	trauma
	head is tilted	diabetes
		MS
VI	eye pointing medially	MS
		raised ICP
		trauma
V	sensory loss	herpes zoster
		syringomyelia
	motor loss	myotonic dystrophy
		MND
VII	UMN (forehead spared)	CVA
		demyelination
		pseudobulbar palsy
		MND
	LMN (forehead involved)	Bell's palsy
		cerebelloponting angle lesion
		GB syndrome
		myasthenia gravis
VIII	conductive	wax
		otitis media with effusion
		perforated ear drum
		pagets disease
		otosclerosis
	sensory	presbycusis
		noise-induced
		furosemide
		acoustic neuroma

Gait abnormalities	
<b>antalgic (limp)</b>	arthritis
	trauma
<b>sensory ataxia</b>	peripheral neuropathy
<b>cerebral ataxia</b>	cerebrovascular disease
	MS
<b>hemiplegic</b>	stroke
	MS
<b>scissor</b>	cerebral palsy
	MS
<b>foot drop</b>	common peroneal palsy
	L5 radiculopathy
<b>waddling</b>	proximal myopathy
<b>parkinsonian</b>	parkinsons disease

Bulbar IX, X, XII	tongue	fasiculations	GB syndrome
LMN		wasting	syringobulbia
		flaccid	MND
		↓ movements	
	dysphagia		
	dysphonia		
Pseudobulbar	tongue	spastic	MS
UMN		↓ movements	bilateral internal capsule infarct
	dysphagia		MND
	high pitch voice (Donald duck)		

Causes of ptosis?	
<b>myogenic</b>	Horner's syndrome
	III nerve palsy
<b>neurogenic</b>	myasthenia gravis
	myotonic dystrophy
<b>tendon</b>	involutional

Causes of ↑ ICP?	
intracranial mass	
" infection	
obstructed CSF flow	
hypertensive encephalopathy	
hypercapnia	

Causes of syncope?		
<b>neurally mediated</b>	vasovagal	
	situational	cough
		sneeze
		micturition
	carotid sinus hypersensitivity	
<b>postural</b>	autonomic failure	PD
		diabetes
		multiple system atrophy
	medication	antihypertensives
	hypovolaemia	haemorrhage
		diarrhoea
	post pradial	
<b>cardiac</b>	arrhythmia	sick sinus syndrome
		heart block
		AF
		long QT syndrome
	AS	
	HOCM	
	acute aortic dissection	
<b>respiratory</b>	PE	
<b>psychogenic</b>	anxiety	
	hyperventilation	

Causes of neuropathy?			
single nerve	<b>mononeuropathy</b>	carpal tunnel syndrome	
more than one single nerve	<b>mononeuritis multiplex</b>		
multiple peripheral nerves	<b>polyneuropathy</b>	alcohol	
		B vitamin deficiency	
		diabetes	
		drugs	isoniazid
		endocrine	hypothyroidism
		guillian barre syndrome	
	<b>hemisensory loss</b>	stroke	
spinal root lesions	<b>radiculopathy</b>		
spinal cord lesion			

Causes of renal failure?			
acute	pre-renal	hypoperfusion	dehydration
			renal artery obstruction
			↓ cardiac output
	renal	glomerulonephritis	deposition of immune complexes
			deposition of non-immune material
			immune mediated attack against endothelial cells of glomerular capillaries
			immune mediated attack of basement membrane
		acute tubular necrosis	hypoperfusion
			NSAIDs
			aminoglycosides
			contrast media
		interstitial damage	NSAIDs
			antibiotics
	post-renal	stones	
		infection	
		tumour	
		prostate enlargement	
chronic	hypertension		
	diabetes		
	glomerulonephritis		
	congenital	polycystic kidney disease	

Causes of haematuria?	
kidney	tumours
	infection
	stones
	trauma
	nephritis
ureter	stones
	tumour
bladder	tumour
	infection
prostate	BPH, CA
urethra	trauma

Causes of urinary frequency?
↑ fluid intake
alcohol
diabetes
kidney disease
detrusor instability
diuretics

Causes of urinary retention?
diabetes
anticholinergics
post operatively
BPH

**Causes of anaemia?**

<b>microcytic</b>	Fe deficiency	blood loss	menorrhagia
			GI bleeding
		↓ dietary intake	
		malabsorption	coeliac disease
	thalassaemia		
	sideroblastic anaemia		
<b>macrocytic</b>	B12 deficiency	pernicious anaemia	
		crohn's disease	
		strict vegan	
	folate deficiency	↓ dietary intake	
		pregnancy	
		antifolate medication	anticonvulsants
	↑ alcohol		
	myeloma		
	myeloproliferative disorders		
	myelodysplasia		
<b>normocytic</b>	anaemia of chronic disease		
	haemolysis		
	acute blood loss		
	bone marrow failure		
	renal failure		
	pregnancy		

**Causes of lymphadenopathy?**

<b>infection</b>	sepsis
	TB
	infectious mononucleosis
<b>haematological</b>	lymphoma
	leukaemia
<b>malignancy</b>	metastases
<b>systemic disease</b>	RA
	SLE
	sarcoidosis

**Causes of polycythaemia?**

<b>true</b>	primary	polycythaemia vera	
	secondary	hypoxia	cyanotic heart disease
			pulmonary disease
			chronic smoking
			high altitude
		excess erythropoietin	renal cell carcinoma
			polycystic kidney disease
			adrenal tumour
			hepatocellular carcinoma
<b>apparent</b>	dehydration		
	Gaisbock's syndrome		

Causes of thrombocytosis?	
1° haematological disorder	myeloproliferative disorders
2° reactive	infection
	inflammation
	malignancy

Causes of thrombocytopenia?	
↓ platelet production	infection
	medication
	leukaemia
	myelodysplasia
↑ platelet destruction	autoimmune idiopathic thrombocytopenia purpura
	heparin induced thrombocytopenia
	thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura
	DIC

Causes of haemolytic anaemia?		
congenital	membrane deficit	spheocytosis
	enzyme defect	G6PD deficiency
		pyruvate kinase deficiency
	Hb defect	sickle cell anaemia
		thalassaemia
acquired	immune	auto immune warm type (IgG mediated)
		autoimmune cold type (IgM mediated)
	medication	penicillin
		acute transfusion reaction
	non-immune	infection
		malaria
		microangiopathic anaemia
		mechanical heart valve
		paroxysmal nocturnal haemoglobinuria

Causes of lymphocytosis?	
viral infection	
chronic infection	TB
chronic lymphocytic leukaemia	
lymphoma	

Causes of eosinophilia?	
allergic conditions	
	eczema
allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis	
	parasitic infection

Causes of neutrophilia?	
infection	
	inflammation
	malignancy
myeloproliferative disorders	
	necrosis

Causes of neutropenia?	
post chemotherapy	
post radiotherapy	
medication	carbimazole
	clozapine
viral infection	
	felty's syndrome

Causes of hyponatraemia?		
fluid depleted patient	diuretics	
	volume loss	vomiting
		diarrhoea
		burns
	hypoadrenalinism	
normovolaemic patient	SIADH	
	hypothyroidism	
	psychogenic polydipsia	
fluid overloaded patient	cardiac failure	
	liver failure	
	renal failure	
	hypoalbuminaemia	

Causes of hypernatraemia?
dehydration
diabetes insipidus
excess IV fluids

Causes of hypokalaemia?	
medication	diuretic
intestinal loss	excess vomiting
	profuse diarrhoea
renal tubular disease	medication induced damage
endocrine	cushing's syndrome
	conn's syndrome
metabolic alkalosis	

Bone profile			
	Ca2+	phosphate	ALP
osteoporosis	↔	↔	↔
osteomalacia	↔/↓	↓	↑
pagets disease	↔	↔	↑
bony metastases	↔/↑	↔/↑	↑
1o hyperparathyroidism	↑	↓	↑
2o hyperparathyroidism	↔	↑	↑
3o hyperparathyroidism	↑	↓	↑

Causes of hyperkalaemia?	
renal failure	
artefact	
medication	potassium sparing diuretics
	potassium supplements
rhabdomyolysis	
endocrine	addison's disease
diabetic ketoacidosis	

**Causes of Cushing's syndrome?**

<b>1o adrenal disease</b>	adrenal tumour
<b>2o ACTH excess</b>	glucocorticoid medication
	pituitary gland (Cushing's disease)
	ACTH secreting tumour

**Causes of hyperprolactinaemia ?**

<b>physiological</b>	pregnancy
	lactation
<b>tumour</b>	prolactin secreting pituitary tumour
<b>medication</b>	metoclopramide
	domperidone
	phenothiazine antipsychotics
<b>endocrine</b>	PCOS

**Causes of SIADH?**

<b>intracranial</b>	infection
	tumour
	head injury
<b>intrathoracic</b>	infection
	lung cancer
<b>medication</b>	carbamazepine
	antipsychotics